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tex's french grammar introduction to adjectives

An **adjective** is a word that describes a noun or pronoun. The major differences between adjectives in French and English concern agreement and placement. In French, an adjective is usually placed after the noun it modifies and must agree in gender and number with the noun. In English, an adjective usually comes before the noun it modifies and is invariable, that is, it does not agree.

Tex est un tatou **philosophique**. Edouard est un escargot **raffiné**. Joe-Bob est un écureuil **aimable**. Bette est une chatte **capricieuse**. Corey est un cafard **ivre**. Fiona est **travailleuse**. (f) Mais Joe-Bob n'est pas **travailleur**. (m) Tex is a **philosophical** armadillo. Edouard is a **refined** snail. Joe-Bob is a **friendly** squirrel. Bette is a **temperamental** cat. Corey is an **intoxicated** cockroach. Fiona is **hard-working**. But Joe-Bob isn't **hard-working**.



adjective vs. adverb

It is common in nonstandard English for speakers to use adjectives in place of adverbs.

Joe-Bob says: "Gee, Tex writes real good." (instead of: "Tex writes **well**.") Joe-Bob says "Gosh, Edouard, you walk real slow." (instead of: "Edouard, you talk **slowly**.")

French adjectives are rarely used in place of the adverbial form. Remember that adjectives modify nouns and adverbs modify verbs, adjectives, and other adverbs!

Tex écrit bien.Tex writes well.(adverb modifies verb)Tex's poetry is good.La poésie de Tex est bonne.Tex's poetry is good.(adjective modifies noun)Tex's poetry is good.

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